



The Safety Review and Update of the Safety Analysis Report for the OPAL Reactor

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Outline

- History and background
- Operating Licence Condition 1.2
- The SAR Action List
- Implementation of the SAR update
- Future safety review and SAR activities
- Objective is to provide some general guidance and advice on how to prepare or update an SAR based on ANSTO's experience



Safety Statement

- Safety Statement required from reactor vendors
 as part of their Tender Submission
- Content was as per IAEA Safety Series No. 35-G1
- Purpose was to
 - Assess the ability of the vendor to prepare an adequate safety case
 - Assess the safety of the proposed reactor design
 - Identify potential licensing/regulatory issues



PSAR

- INVAP developed the Safety Statement into the Preliminary SAR
- Reflected the basic design of the OPAL reactor
- Formed the basis for the application for the Facility Licence, Construction Authorisation
- Reviewed by
 - Australian regulator ARPANSA
 - IAEA peer review team
 - Public and other stakeholders (eg Greenpeace)



SAR

- INVAP developed the PSAR into the SAR
- Reflected the detailed design of the OPAL reactor
- Prepared prior to the completion of construction
- Formed the basis for the application for the Facility Licence, Operating Authorisation
- Reviewed by
 - ARPANSA
 - partial IAEA peer review of operational aspects
- Public review of unrestricted version of SAR



Comments on the PSAR & SAR

- IAEA peer reviewers commented that PSAR and SAR among the best they've seen
- However, problems included
 - Language original not written in English, style
 - Resources few staff dedicated to preparation and review of SAR
 - Consistency multiple authors and reviewers
 - Audience PSAR particularly tried to satisfy multiple stakeholders
 - Configuration management significant difficulties in controlling revisions



Operating Licence Condition 1.2

• Requires "a periodic safety review that is a detailed re-examination of the safety of the OPAL reactor taking into account operating experience and international best practice in radiation protection and nuclear safety" that "must be completed no later than two years after the completion of commissioning ... and must include revision of the SAR to the satisfaction of the CEO of ARPANSA"



Approach to Safety Review

- Safety case prepared by INVAP consistent with performance based contract
- However, safety case isn't the way ANSTO would have done it
- Intention is to complete the safety review part of LC1.2 by redoing the safety case from scratch the way ANSTO would have done it
- Use a formal fault schedule approach (eg as done for UK power reactors)



SAR Action List

- Comprehensive single listing of all changes identified as a result of
 - ARPANSA review and resultant commitments
 - Errors identified through use
 - Commissioning and operational experience
 - Changes and modifications since issue of SAR
- Currently more than 420 actions identified ranging from simple editorial corrections to major technical changes (eg change in moly targets)
- Subject to ongoing review and revision



Implementation of SAR Update

- Update of SAR will use dedicated technical writers within Reactor Operations configuration management group
- Overall content and structure will remain as per IAEA Safety Series No. 35-G1
- Format and configuration management as per the standard used for all Reactor Operations manuals
- Use of modern word processing and web-based capabilities to improve ease of use



Benefits of Update Approach

- Dedicated technical writers working as a single team should result in a more consistent and readable SAR
- Configuration management will be via Reactor
 Operation's existing, proven system
- Technical experts will not be overloaded or distracted from their normal operational functions
- SAR is a Reactor Operations document for internal <u>use</u>, not just a document to be submitted to the Regulator



Example of Consistency

- Content/format of each section describing a structure, system and component will generally be as follows:
 - Introduction and outline description of structure, system or component.
 - Identification of safety and operational design basis.
 - Identification of safety category, seismic class and quality level.
 - Detailed description of the as-built design of the structure, system or component.
 - Detailed description of the operation of the structure, system or component.
 - Safety evaluation of structure, system or component that demonstrate the system fulfils its safety design basis.



Review Process

- Internal technical review by relevant experts within ANSTO
- Independent internal review by safety committees
- External technical review by INVAP acting as the Design Authority (ie the original designer)
- Top level management review for fitness for purpose
- International peer review



Future Activities

- Operating Licence Condition 1.3 requires a safety review and SAR update "to be conducted at intervals of no more than 10 years"
- Doing a good job now will make future safety reviews and SAR updates easier
- Use of standard Reactor Operations formats and processes will also facilitate future SAR updates



Conclusions

- Safety case and SAR development driven by project requirements and need to obtain licences
- Review of safety case to be done by completely re-doing the safety analysis
- SAR Action List prepared to identify what needs to be done
- SAR update intended to result in easily used document that can be readily maintained using existing proven processes





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