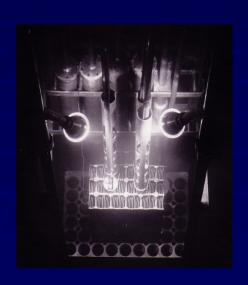


TRIGA Reactor Control and Monitoring System



Breazeale Nuclear Reactor Radiation Science and Engineering Center

The Pennsylvania State University





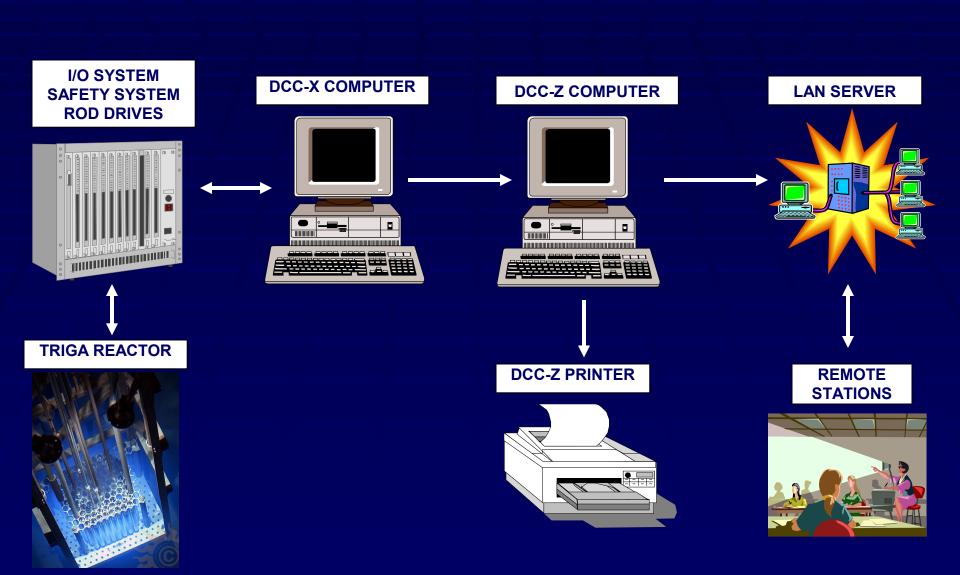
PSBR TRIGA Console

- Control Console Hardware Organization
 - Reactor Safety System
 - Input / Output System
 - Control Rod Drives
 - CMS Computers
 - Human Interface
 - Auxiliary Equipment
 - Remote Monitoring Stations





PSBR TRIGA Console





PSBR TRIGA Console





Nuclear Detectors

- 2 Fission Chambers (RSS / Spare)
- 2 Gamma Chambers (RSS / Spare)
- 1 Compensated Ion Chamber (Spare)
- 2 Fuel Temp. Thermocouples (RSS)

Gamma Metrics Drawers

- Wide Range Channel
 - Fission Chamber
 - 10 Decades of Power
- Power Range Channel
 - Gamma Ion Chamber
 - Percent Power Channel
 - Pulse Monitoring Channel







- Reactor Safety System
 - Provides All Technical Specification Requirements
 - Reactor Shutdowns
 - Interlocks
 - Relay Logic and Hardwired Safety Components
- Input / Output System
 - Coordinates Over 200 Signals Into / Out of Control and Monitoring System
 - Interfaces with Reactor Safety System and Digital Control Computer







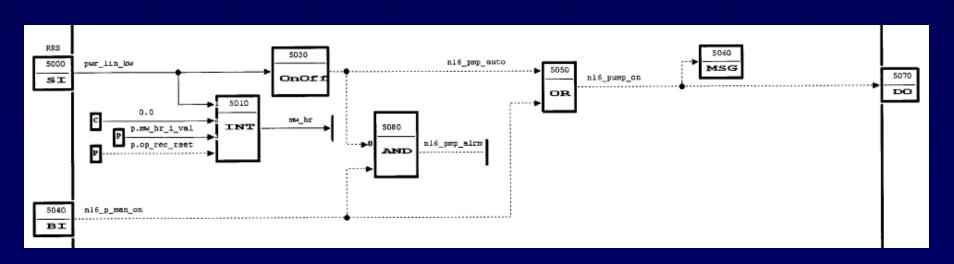
- Digital Control Computers
 - Utilizes digital technology to:
 - Analyze Inputs From Various Systems
 - Provide Appropriate Indications
 - Initiate Control Functions
 - Separate Computers for:
 - Control Functions (X)
 - Data Display (Z)
 - Data Storage (Z)







- PROTROL™ Language (AECL)
 - Logic Blocks Written in Pascal Programming Language
 - Blocks Connected to Form Logic Pathways
 - Used in Commercial Nuclear Power Applications
 - Easily Configurable (By Vendor) for New Applications

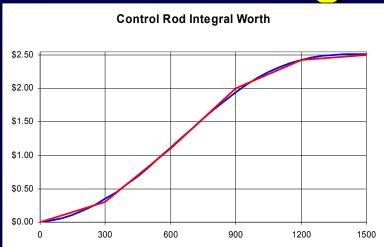




PSBR TRIGA Console - Design

DCC Software Tuning

- Certain Blocks Allow User to Change Values to:
 - Update Facility Configurations
 - Set Alarm and Action Points
- Rod Height vs. Control Rod Reactivity Conversion
- Input Signal Calibrations
- Tuning Performed by Specific Authorization Following Safety Analysis







PSBR TRIGA Console - Control

DCC-X (Control)

- Modes of Operation
 - Manual
 - Automatic
 - Square-Wave
 - Pulse
- SCRAM and Interlocks
 - Back-up for Reactor Safety System
 - Additional Interlocks
 - Non-Tech. Spec. Functions





PSBR TRIGA Console - Control

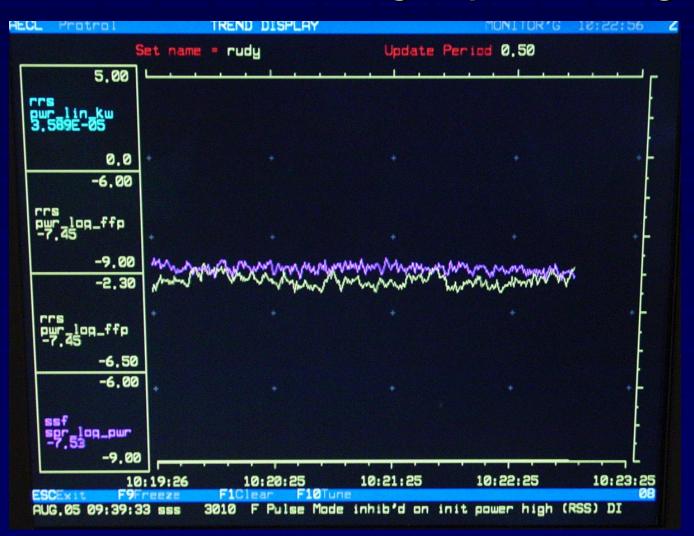
DCC-X (Control) Main Operator Screen



- Nine Alarm Windows
- Four Mode Windows
- Control Rod Mimic
- Control Rod Height
- Control Rod Reactivity
- Power Digital Displays
- Power Bar Graphs
- Reactor Period Display
- Period Bar Graph
- Temperature Display
- •Temperature Bar Graph



DCC-Z: Real-Time Trending – Up To Four Signals





Real-Time Bar Charts – Up To Eight Signals





Real-Time Messages – 100 Message Queue

DCC Software Runs in "Loops"

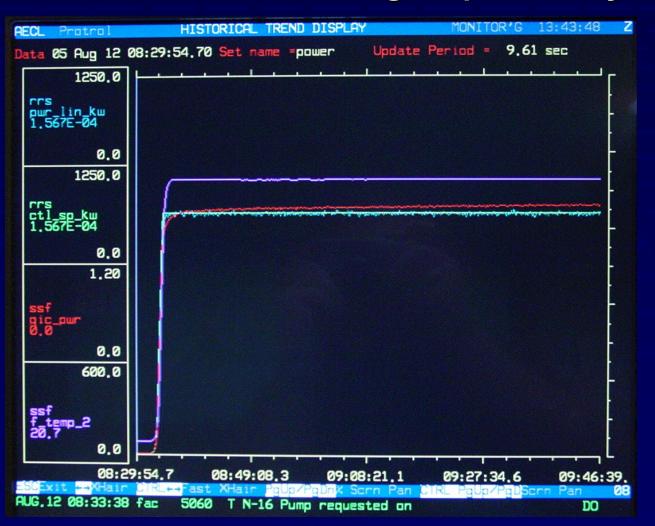
<u>Loop</u>	<u>Time</u>
SSF	0.12 sec
RRS	0.25 sec
OPR	0.25 sec
DSP	0.50 sec
SSS	1.00 sec
FAC	1.00 sec

Tasks Within Loop Run in Numerical Order FAC 5030 Runs Before FAC 5050

AEOL	Protrol		Si	STEM RECENT	MESSAGES	MONITOR'G	10:23:09	Z
Date	Tire	000	Black	I/F ressage	MONITOR	PRINTIN	IG ON	
AUG. 05	6 09:36:57	rrs	23120	T Reg Drive	haming requ	est rejected		
						uest rejected		
						equest rejected		
				T Trip Log				Z
						d - power high		
The state of the state of the state of					le inhibited			
						init power high	(RSS) DI	
AUG. 8	5 89:36:55	rrs	4070	T Shim Rod	SCRAMed		(RSS) DI	
AUG. 6	5 29:36:55	ī rrs	4888	T Safety Ro	sd SCRAMed		(RSS) DI	
AUG_0	85 89:36:59) hds	8	T Trip Log	Trigger Deter	ted		Z
	25 89:36:53				Rod SCRAMed		(RSS) DI	
AUG.	25 09:36:5	5 rrs	11100	F Apply Air	to Transient	t Rad	DO	
AUG.	05 09:36:5	6 fac	4310	T Reactor o	peration inhi	ibited		
AUG.	05 09:36:5	6 rrs	5546	T Stepback	activated			
					t Rad battamed	1	DI	
	Ø5 Ø9:36:5				ransient Rod p		(RSS) DI	
ESU	xit Karou	se fi	Print (Dh/Off				17
					de inhib'd on	init power high	(RSS) DI	



DCC-Z Historical Trending – Up To 4 Days In The Past.



Sampling	Retention
<u>Time</u>	<u>Time</u>
0.2 sec.	1 hour
1 sec.	4 hours
10 sec.	72 hours



Reasons For Upgrade

- Spare Parts Difficult To Procure for Obsolete Equipment
 - Smart Serial Data Transmission Card (8 Port)
 - Special Video Display Card (Multiple Pages)
 - CPU Card For Computers (Industrial i386)
 - Fixed Disk Drive For Computers (rll Format Drive)
- Operating System Software No Longer Supported by OEM
- Console Was Providing Excellent Service In Terms Of Reliability and Utility



Upgrade Priorities

- Maintain Reliability of System
 - Very Few System Errors Over Last 12 Years
- Maintain "Look and Feel" of System
 - Years Of Experience Showed That Interface was Very Successful Design
 - No Need or Desire to Change
 - Shallow Learning Curve for Reactor Staff / Experimenters
- Extend Lifetime of Upgraded Console 10-20 yrs
 - Periodic Smaller Upgrades for Hardware and Software
 - Plan For Obsolescence of Components
 - Buy Spare Components or Upgrade



Upgrade Process

- Work Began in 2001 With Series of Meetings Between Penn State and Vendor
- Design Specifications and Contract Negotiations Took Most of a Year
- Most of Actual Work Performed Between January 2002 and April 2003 (16 months)
- System Testing Conducted from May 2003 to August 2004 (16 months)
- Installation Completed August 2004



Upgraded Items

- Hardware Changes
 - Replaced Obsolete Equipment
 - Upgraded Computer Systems
 - Added I/O Channels
- Software Changes
 - Generic Software Fixes to PROTROL™
 - Specific Penn State Changes
- Extensive Testing
 - Testing During Upgrade Work
 - Testing Following Nominal Completion Of Work
 - Testing Prior to Return to Operations



Hardware Changes

- Monitors
 - 14" CRT to 18" LCD
- Computers
 - 386 to Pentium I
- Program Storage
 - HDD to Flash Drive (X)
 - Larger HDD (Z)
 - Floppy to Zip™ Drives
- Additional I/O Capabilities







Generic Software Changes – SCRs

- SCRs are Requests from Customers to Make Generic Changes to Software
- Y2K Issue
 - Tested Mid -1999: Mostly Compliant
 - Historical Data Storage Update Required
- Double "Print Screen" Lockup
- "Real-Time" Trend Lockup (t>892 Seconds)
- Keyboard Watch-Dog SCRAM



Application Layer Changes

- Changes To Facility Configuration
 - New NBL Shielding Arrangement Interlocks
 - Change in Maximum Fuel Temperature
 - Make Message Text Agree with Alarm Text
 - Delete Unused Logic Blocks Legacy Equipment
 - Reorganize Pulse Mode Keystrokes
 - Add Extra Radiation Monitor Input
 - Add Name Tags for New I/O Channels

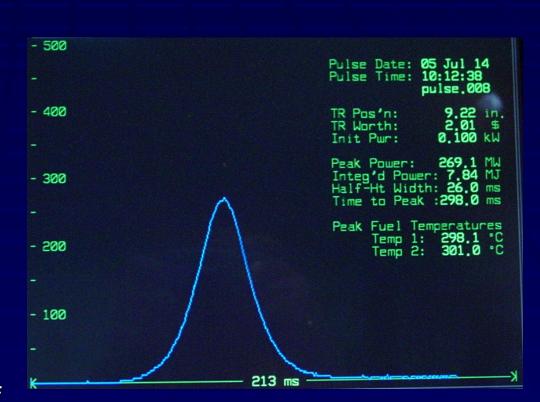


- Changes to improve usability
 - Improvement of Historical Data Storage System
 - Radiation Monitor Readout in mR/hr and cpm
 - Improvement of Curve-Fit Accuracy
 - Control Rod Height to Worth Conversions
 - Pulse Power and Temperature References
 - Alarm Windows Flashing on Change of State
 - Alarm Windows "Black" for Normal Conditions
 - Add New Inputs to SSF Loop
 - Add New DCC-Z and LAN Signals



PSBR TRIGA Console - Pulsing

- 7500 Pulses Over 40 yrs
- Pulse Characteristics:
 - $dk_{pulse} = $1.00 \text{ to } $3.50.$
 - FWHM = 100mS to 10mS
 - Time to Peak = 100-400mS
- Original System Could Not Capture All Values of Pulses, No Pulses < \$1.50 Were Routinely Performed
- Adjustable Parameters
 Added to Allow Full Range of Pulsing





PSBR TRIGA Console - Testing

- Extensive Testing Performed to Ensure That Upgrade Performed in Accordance With All Requirements
 - Testing During Work
 - AECL Software Version Control (V&V)
 - AECL Test Facility (Hardware and Software)
 - Factory Acceptance Test
 - Performed at AECL by Penn State
 - Local Testing Test Bed
 - Testing on a Complete Mock-up of Console System During Work and Prior to Installation
 - Site Acceptance Test
 - Performed at Penn State Following Installation





PSBR TRIGA Console - Testing

AECL Testing

- Testing During Work
 - Software: AECL vDiff Process (V&V)
 - Each Software Change Performed, Documented, Tested Prior to Next Change
 - vDiff is Software Verification And Validation Program that Documents Changes to Program Line-by-Line
 - Hardware: AECL Test Bed And Hardware Lab
 - Test Bed Comprised Actual DCC-X, Z Computers, and Some Associated I/O
- Factory Acceptance Test
 - Performed At AECL In 2003
 - Utilized AECL Test Bed
 - Covered All Changes and,
 - Some Original (1992) Testing



PSBR TRIGA Console - Testing

Local (PSU) Testing

- Local Testing Test Bed
 - Tested Both DCC-X and DCC-Z
 - I/O Racks and Real or Simulated Inputs
 - Each Software Version Tested as if on Actual Console
- Site Acceptance Test
 - Performed Initially on Test Bed
 - Performed on Console Following Installation
 - Consisted of 1992 FAT & 2003 FAT
 - Also Performed PSBR Console Surveillance and Maintenance Procedures Including Extensive Verification Of Tuning Parameters
- Safety Analysis
 - Performed Upgrade as a "Change" Under 10CFR50.59



PSBR TRIGA Console - LAN

Local Area Network

- Provides Remote Monitoring of Reactor Parameters for Normal & Emergency Situations
- Accessible in Classroom as Instruction Tool
- Accessible in Various Other Locations in & Around Reactor Facility
- Programmed in LabView[™]
 By Penn State
 - Upgrades Performed On-site





PSBR TRIGA Console - LAN

- Main Screen of LAN Computer Interface Very Similar to DCC-X Computer in Appearance and Navigation
- Facility Radiation Levels Foremost on LAN to Aid in Assessing Facility Conditions from Remote Locations



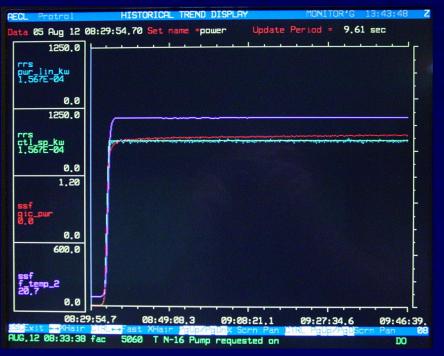




PSBR TRIGA Console - LAN

- The Historical Data screen of LAN Computer Similar To DCC-Z
- LAN is Tool for Monitoring Reactor Conditions for
 - Operator Training
 - Student education
 - Other Staff Functions







Conclusion

- Vendor Relationship with AECL Resulted in Product with High Reliability and Usefulness
- Penn State has Experienced 13 Months of Successful Operation Following Installation
- Four Requirements for Successful Project:
 - 1. Extensive Planning Prior to Project
 - 2. Constant Interaction with Vendor During Work
 - 3. Thorough Installation Plan and Safety Analysis
 - 4. Exhaustive Testing During and after Work