RESEARCH REACTOR UTILIZATION I

An Overview of Current Projects / Utilization of the Advanced Test Reactor (ATR)

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Background

- Project Engineer Employed By Idaho National Laboratory (INL) at the Advanced Test Reactor (ATR) Since 1992
- Responsibilities Have Included Experiment Loop Design & Maintenance, Test Capsule Design and Fabrication, and Isotope Development and Management



Outline

ATR UTILIZATION: PROJECTS of INCREASING COMPLEXITY

Cobalt 60 Production

- Advanced Fuel Cycle Initiative / Light Water Reactor (AFCI/LWR) Project
- Advanced Graphite Capsule (AGC) Project



Cobalt 60 Production



Cobalt 60 Production: ATR Core Cross





Cobalt 60 Production: ATR Core Cross Section- 10 A's, 14 H's, 4 SB's



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High Specific Activity (HSA) Cobalt Capsule



Advanced Fuel Cycle Project



AFCI / LWR - Mission

- Fueled Test
- Transmute the long-lived transuranic actinide isotopes contained in spent nuclear fuel into shorter-lived fission products, thereby dramatically decreasing the volume of material requiring disposition and the long-term radiotoxity and heat load of high-level waste sent to a geologic repository



AFCI / LWR: ATR Core Cross Section



AFCI / LWR: ATR Core Cross Section



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AFCI: East Flux Trap Basket Design







Advanced Graphite Capsule AGC



AGC: Mission

- The graphite used for prior HTGRs in the U.S. (Fort St. Vrain-Grade H-451) is no longer in production and can no longer be fabricated to the prior specification.
- The general effect of neutron irradiation on graphite is well understood. However, models relating structure at the micro and macro structural level to irradiation behavior are not well developed.



- Location of capsule will be in the south flux trap.
- Other ATR experiment locations cannot support compressive creep capsule due to equipment limitations or insufficient fast flux levels.
- South lobe power is higher than the North lobe.
- Center flux trap taken by BEA.
- East flux trap taken by AFIC.





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- Capsule Design Requirements
 - Capsule will employ variable He/Ar mixture sweep gas to actively control the desired temperature profile of 800°C.
 - A constant compressive load is applied mechanically to graphite samples by means of a pneumatic cylinders.
 Two loads will be applied 2 Ksi and 3 Ksi.
 - Verify stack integrity.





AGC: Heat Shield





- Capsule Design (Continued)
 - The constant loads are controlled by periodic adjusting the pressure in the pneumatic cylinders.
 - Graphite samples 0.5 in. in diameter and 1 in. in length.
 - Multiple thermocouples can supply information for control of temperature and pneumatic cylinders.
 - Flux wires (Nb , Ni and Fe) and SiC thermal monitors will be used.



Capsule layout











Upper capsule section view





AGC: Core Model









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